

Light-Weight and Resource Efficient OS-Level Virtualization Herbert Pötzl

## **1** Introduction

Computers have become sufficiently powerful to use virtualization to create the illusion of many smaller virtual machines, each running a separate operating system instance.

- Virtual Machines
- System Emulators
- Partitioning

## 2 The Concept

**Virtual Servers** do not necessarily <u>require</u> a separate operating system for each instance

**Resources** directly map to money – more servers require more CPU power, RAM, disk space, network bandwith and general I/O throughput.

**Isolation** allows to put <u>several Servers</u> on a <u>Host</u>, which will <u>share</u> the available <u>resources</u> efficiently.

#### 2.1 Advantages

- ✗ Minimal Overhead
- **★** Hardware Abstraction
- ✗ Shared Resources

#### 2.2 Possible Drawbacks

- ★ Kernel as Single Point of Failure?
- ★ Kernel Security Issues?

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#### **3** Nomenclature

**Host:** the real or virtual machine running the Linux-VServer enabled Kernel.

**Guest:** the virtual private server (or short VPS) composed of a chrooted environment, isolated processes, and restricted <u>IP ranges</u>.

**Context:** the isolated and partially virtualized environment to which processes are *confined*.

#### **4 Project History**

Jul. 2001	first public release
Oct. 2001	Rik van Riel shows interest
Nov. 2001	new Immutable-Linkage-Invert flag
Jan. 2002	chroot exploit and barrier idea
Jul. 2002	Herbert Pötzl suggests context quota
Jul. 2003	Sam Vilain suggests 'going mainline'
Sep. 2003	Change of Project Maintainership
Mar. 2004	First Pre-Release for 2.6.x
May. 2004	First Devel Release (1.9.0) for 2.6
Aug. 2005	First Stable Release (2.0) for 2.6

#### **5** Isolation vs. Virtualization

#### ★ IP Layer Network Isolation

... instead of Virtual Network Stacks

★ Namespaces and Shared Partitions

... instead of Virtual Filesystems

★ Accounting, Limits, and TB Scheduling ...instead of vResources and vCPUs

#### 5.1 Lightweight Guests

Isolation allows to have very small Guests (down to a single process) without creating measurable overhead.

#### **5.2 Shared Services**

Isolation areas can overlap (to some extend) and services can be shared between Guests

#### **5.3 Flexible Resources**

Because there is a common pool of Resources, and <u>no</u> static allocation to the Guests, they can be easily ...

- $\pmb{\mathsf{X}}$  adjusted and shared
- $\bigstar$  monitored on the Host System
- $\boldsymbol{X}$  limited or extended

#### **6 Optional Virtualizations**

- **★** Init PID(1) [pstree, init]
- **✗** Network Interface Information
- ★ Memory Information [free, meminfo]
- ★ Available Disk Space [*df*]
- ★ System Uptime [guest start]
- ★ System Load [guest processes]
- **★** System Time [*adjustable*]

## 7 Field of Application

- **★** Virtual Server Hosting
- **★** Administrative Separation
- **★** Service Separation
- **✗** Enhancing Security
- **✗** Easy Maintenance
- ✗ Fail-over Scenarios
- **✗** Simplified Testing

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#### **8** Existing Infrastructure

- **✗** Linux Capability System
- **★** Resource Limits (ulimit)
- **✗** File Attributes (xattr)
- $\checkmark$  The chroot(1) Command
- **✗** Private Namespaces

## **9** Required Modifications

- **★** Context Separation
- **★** Network Separation
- **★** The Chroot Barrier
- **✗** Upper Bound for Caps
- **✗** Resource Isolation
- **✗** Filesystem XID Tagging

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## **10 Additional Modifications**

- ✗ Context Flags
- **✗** Context Capabilities
- **✗** Context Accounting
- **★** Context Limits
- **★** Virtualization
- **✗** Improved Security
- **✗** Kernel Helper

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#### **11 Features and Bonus Material**

- **★** Unification
- ★ CoW Link Breaking
- ★ The Linux-VServer Proc-FS
- ★ TB Per CPU Scheduler
- ✗ Context Disk Limits
- ★ Context Quota and VRoot Proxy
- **✗** Information Isolation

### 12 Intrusiveness

patch	lines	chars	hunks	new
vs1.00	2845	95567	178	997
vs1.20	4305	131922	216	1857
vs2.00	19673	557988	856	8987
vs2.01	20300	572752	898	9362
vs2.02	21330	602493	977	9464
vs2.1.0	25948	759709	1222	10394
vs2.2.0	27857	790256	1218	12989
openvz-2.6.22	122567	3384793	3654	73781
patch-2.6.23∆	1072513	31824779	32650	359297

## **13 Non Intel x86 Hardware**

- ✔ ia64, x86\_64
- ✔ alpha, arm
- ✔ hppa, hppa64
- ✓ ppc, ppc64
- ✓ sparc, sparc64
- ✓ mips o/n32, mips64
- ✓ s390, s390x
- 🖌 um, xen

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Herbert Pötz

# **Q** & A

## www: http://linux-vserver.org irc: #vserver @ irc.oftc.net